7.2 Matrices

Precalc

- Matrix: An arrangement of quantities in an array of rows and columns
- Element: a quantity in a matrix
- Order: The dimensions of a matrix, written in two forms:
 - rows x columns
 - → aij, where i=rows and j=columns

- Square matrix: A matrix with the same number of rows and columns
- Equal matrices have the same order and their corresponding elements are equal.
- Scalar: A quantity multiplied to every element in a matrix.

- A zero matrix consists of all zeros; it is the additive identity
- The multiplicative identity matrix has a diagonal of 1's from the upper left to the lower right. The rest of the elements are zeros.

Inverse Matrices

- Inverse written A⁻¹
- If A has an inverse, it is called nonsingular
- → If A has no inverse, it is called singular.
- To find whether a matrix has an inverse, you calculate the determinant ad-bc.

Theorem

→ A n x n matrix has an inverse iff the determinant does not equal zero