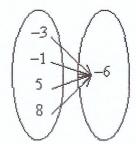
Algebra 2 Cumulative Review Practice

1. (1 point)

Identify the mapping diagram that represents the relation and determine whether the relation is a function.

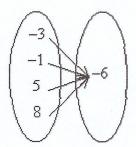
$$\{(-3,-6),(-1,-6),(5,-6),(8,-6)\}$$

a.



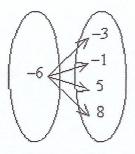
The relation is not a function.

b.



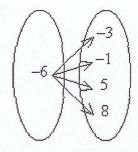
The relation is a function.

C.



The relation is a function.

d.



The relation is not a function.

2. (1 point)

Write the polynomial in standard form. Then name the polynomial based on its degree and number of terms.

$$2 - 11x^2 - 8x + 6x^2$$

a.
$$-5x^2 - 8x + 2$$
; quadratic trinomial

b.
$$5x^2 - 8x - 2$$
; quadratic trinomial

c.
$$-6x^2 - 8x - 2$$
; cubic polynomial

d.
$$6x^2 - 8x + 2$$
; cubic trinomial

Find the degree of the monomial.

3. (1 point)
$$7m^6n^5$$

Simplify the difference.

$$(-7x - 5x^4 + 5) - (-7x^4 - 5 - 9x)$$

a.
$$2x^4 + 2x + 8$$

b.
$$-14x^4 + 10x + 10$$

c.
$$-14x^4 - 10x + 10$$

d.
$$2x^4 + 2x + 10$$

Simplify the product.

$$5a^2(3a^4+3b)$$

a.
$$8a^4 + 8ab$$

b.
$$15a^8 + 3b$$

c.
$$15a^6 + 15a^2b$$

d.
$$8a^6 + 15a^2b$$

Factor the polynomial.

$$2x^3 + 4x^2 + 8x$$

a.
$$2x(x^2 + 2x + 4)$$

b.
$$2x(x+2)(x+4)$$

c.
$$x(2x^2 + 4x + 8)$$

d.
$$2x^3 + 4x^2 + 8x$$

7. (1 point)

Simplify the product using the distributive property.

$$(5h - 5)(5h - 6)$$

a.
$$25h^2 + 5h - 30$$

b.
$$25h^2 - 55h + 30$$

c.
$$25h^2 - 5h - 30$$

d.
$$25h^2 + 55h + 30$$

Find the product.

$$(j+7)(j-7)$$

a.
$$j^2 + 14j - 49$$

b.
$$j^2 - 14j - 49$$

c.
$$j^2 + 14j - 49$$

d.
$$j^2 - 49$$

Factor the expression.

$$w^2 + 18w + 77$$

a.
$$(w-7)(w+11)$$

b.
$$(w-7)(w-11)$$

c.
$$(w+7)(w+11)$$

d.
$$(w+1)(w+77)$$

10. (1 point)

$$x^2 - x - 42$$

a.
$$(x-7)(x+6)$$

b.
$$(x+7)(x+6)$$

c.
$$(x+7)(x-6)$$

d.
$$(x-7)(x-6)$$

11. (1 point)

$$12d^2 + 4d - 1$$

a.
$$(6d+1)(2d+1)$$

b.
$$(6d-1)(2d-1)$$

c.
$$(6d-1)(2d+1)$$

d.
$$(6d+1)(2d-1)$$

Use the quadratic formula to solve the equation. If necessary, round to the nearest hundredth.

12. (1 point)

$$2a^2 - 46a + 252 = 0$$

13. (1 point)

$$5y^2 - 8y = 2$$

Use any method to solve the equation. If necessary, round to the nearest hundredth.

14. (1 point)

$$7x^2 - 16x - 28 = 0$$

15. (1 point)

$$8x^2 - 6 = 0$$

Simplify the radical expression.

16. (1 point)

$$-3\sqrt{180h^4}$$

a.
$$6\sqrt{5h^4}$$

b. $-18\sqrt{5h^4}$

c.
$$-18h^2 \sqrt{5}$$

d.
$$-3h\sqrt{90}$$

Simplify the expression.

17. (1 point)

$$\sqrt{6} + 2\sqrt{6}$$

a. $3\sqrt{6}$

b.
$$-\sqrt{6}$$

c.
$$3\sqrt{12}$$

c.
$$3\sqrt{12}$$
 d. $-\sqrt{12}$

18. (1 point)

$$4\sqrt{7} + 8\sqrt{63}$$

a.
$$76\sqrt{7}$$

b.
$$12\sqrt{63}$$

c.
$$28\sqrt{7}$$

d.
$$28\sqrt{63}$$

19. (1 point)

$$\frac{8}{\sqrt{6}-\sqrt{3}}$$

a.
$$\frac{8\sqrt{6} - 8\sqrt{3}}{3}$$

b.
$$\frac{8(\sqrt{6}+\sqrt{3})}{9}$$

c.
$$\frac{8\sqrt{6} + 8\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{27}}$$

d.
$$\frac{8\sqrt{6} + 8\sqrt{3}}{3}$$

Solve the equation. Check your solution.

20. (1 point)

$$4 = \sqrt{m} - 8$$

a. 6

b. 144

c. $2\sqrt{3}$

d. 12

21. (1 point)

$$\sqrt{r+5} = 11$$

a. 126

b. 6

17

d. 116

Solve the equation. Identify any extraneous solutions.

22. (1 point)

$$x = \sqrt{-3x + 40}$$

a. 8 is a solution to the original equation. The value -5 is an extraneous solution.

5 and 8 are both extraneous solutions.

5 is a solution to the original equation. The value -8 is an extraneous solution.

d. 5 and -8 are solutions.

Write the number in the form a + bi.

$$\sqrt{-36} + 10$$

a.
$$6 + 10i$$

c.
$$10 + i\sqrt{36}$$

d. 10 + 6i

Simplify the expression.

$$(1-6i)+(3+i)$$

a.
$$4 - 5i$$

b.
$$-4 + 5i$$

c.
$$-5 + 4i$$

$$(4+i)-(-5-3i)$$

a.
$$9 + 4i$$

b.
$$-9 - 4i$$

c.
$$-1 - 2i$$

$$(4-2i)(-5+3i)$$

a.
$$-26 + 22i$$

b.
$$-20 + 22i$$

c.
$$-20 - 6i$$

$$d. -14 + 22i$$

Algebra 2 Cumulative Review Practice Answer Section

- 1. ANS: B
- 2. ANS: A
- 3. ANS: B
- 4. ANS: D
- 5. ANS: C
- 6. ANS: A
- 7. ANS: B
- 8. ANS: D
- 9. ANS: C
- 10. ANS: A
- 11. ANS: C
- 12. ANS: C
- 13. ANS: A
- 14. ANS: A
- 15. ANS: C
- 16. ANS: C
- 17. ANS: A
- 18. ANS: C
- 19. ANS: D
- 20. ANS: B
- 21. ANS: D
- 22. ANS: C
- 23. ANS: D
- 24. ANS: A
- 25. ANS: A
- 26. ANS: D