Sequences

Sequences are...

* a list of values separatedwith commas

 Form some sort of pattern to help determine subsequent terms



Vocabulary

- ***** Term: The value in a sequence
- * Index: The position of the term in the sequence
 - * The index is represented as a subscript of the sequence name
 - * A₃ means "the third term of sequence A"
- * nth term: the term found in the "n" position

Two Main Types of Sequences

Arithmetic



- * The pattern between terms is either addition or subtraction
- The number that represents
 the pattern has the symbol
 "d"
- The pattern between terms is found by either multiplying or dividing
 - * The number that represents the pattern has the symbol "r"

Types of Rules (formulas, equations)

Arithmetic



 \star Explicit:



 \star Recursive:

 \star Recursive:

Which formula is better?

6, 15, 24, 33, 42, ...

* Which is the fourth term?
* What is the index of 42?
* What is the pattern?
* What is the nth term?

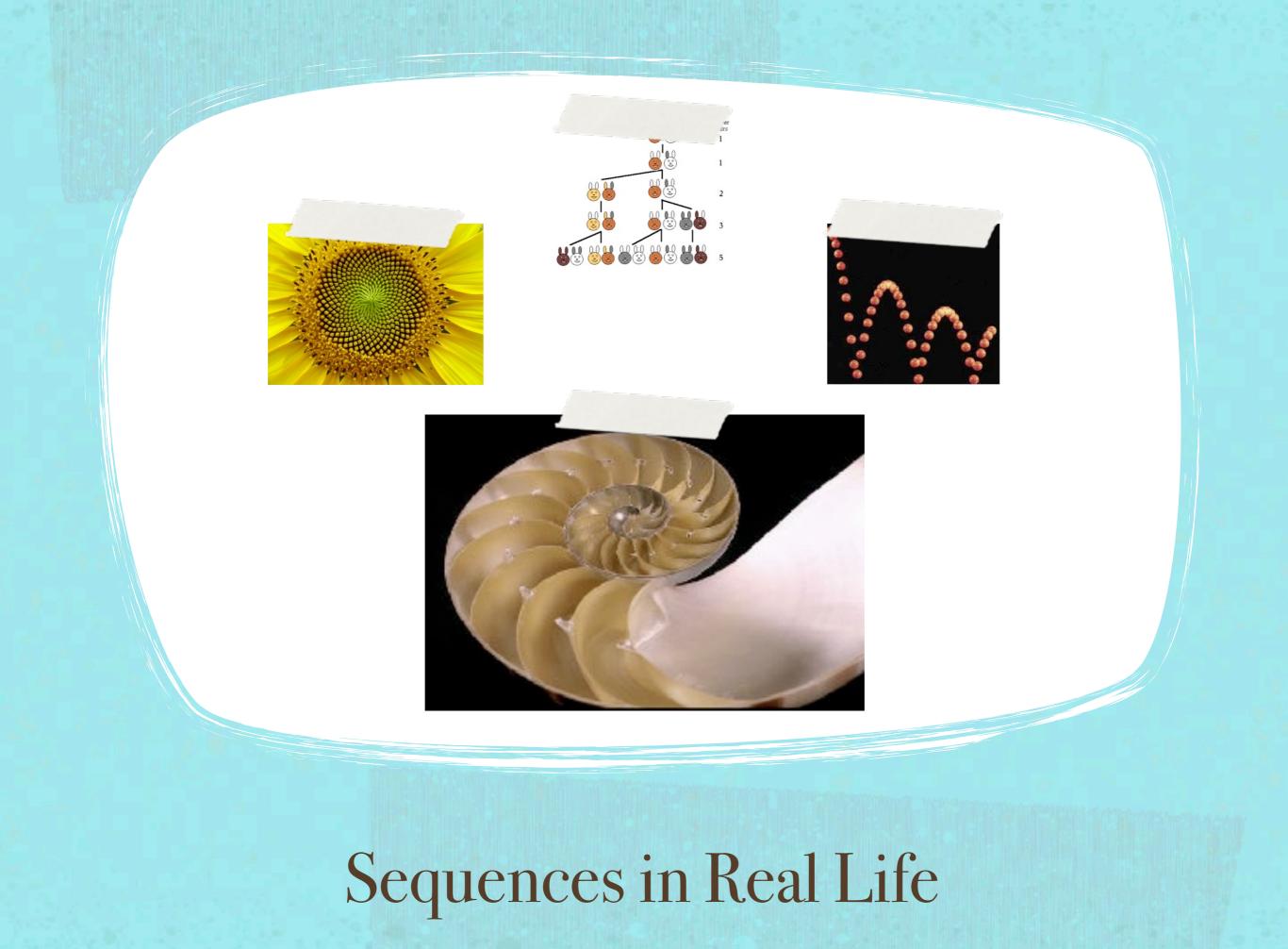
-2, 6, -18, 54, -162, 486, ...

* What is the pattern?

* What is the position of -18?

* What is g_6 ?

* What is the nth term?



Type I Writing:

Research Fibonacci Sequence

http://jwilson.coe.uga.edu/emat6680/parveen/fib_nature.htm

Or www.youtube.com/watch?v=ktLcSH4UkpE

Summarize what you've read/watched in 50 words or less. Using complete sentences, appropriate mathematical vocabulary and correct punctuation.

Due April 25, 2013 by the time class starts